

#### Rule 437

1. If a horse dies within 14 days of it being entered or qualified to race, the trainer of record at the time of the death of the horse shall:
  - a) Inform the APHRC in writing within 2 days of the death of the horse that the horse has died, and the location and premises where the horse died;
  - b) Provide copies of any reports prepared by the veterinarian(s) who treated the horse prior to its death;
  - c) When directed to do so by the APHRC, transport the horse at the trainer's or owners expense immediately, or as soon as transportation can be arranged but in any event no later than 2 days of the death of the horse, to a facility approved by the APHRC for a post-mortem and such testing as the APHRC may deem is appropriate and;
  - d) Instruct the person conducting the post-mortem and the testing and any reports prepared with respect to the post-mortem and testing to the APHRC within 5 days of their completion.
  
2. Where there is no trainer of record at the time of the death of the horse, the owner shall:
  - a) Inform the APHRC in writing within 2 days of the death of the horse that the horse has died, and the location and premises where the horse died;
  - b) Provide copies of any reports prepared by the veterinarian(s) who treated the horse prior to its death;
  - c) When directed to do so by the APHRC, transport the horse at the trainer's or owners expense immediately, or as soon as transportation can be arranged but in any event no later than 2 days of the death of the horse, to a facility approved by the APHRC for a post-mortem and such testing as the APHRC may deem is appropriate and;
  - d) Instruct the person conducting the post-mortem and the testing and any reports prepared with respect to the post-mortem and testing to the APHRC within 5 days of their completion.
  
3. If a horse dies after 14 days but within 60 days of it being entered or qualified to race, the trainer of record at the time of the death of the horse shall:
  - a) Inform the APHRC in writing within 2 days of the death of the horse that the horse has died, and the location and premises where the horse died;
  - b) Provide copies of any reports prepared by the veterinarian(s) who treated the horse prior to its death or who determined the cause or apparent cause of death and of any post-mortem or other tests conducted on the horse to determine the cause of death.
  
4. If a horse dies after 14 days but within 60 days of it being entered or qualified to race, and there is no trainer of record at the time of the death of the horse the owner of the horse shall:
  - a) Inform the APHRC in writing within 2 days of the death of the horse that the horse has died, and the location and premises where the horse died;
  - b) Provide copies of any reports prepared by the veterinarian(s) who treated the horse prior to its death or who determined the cause or apparent cause of death and of any post-mortem or other tests conducted on the horse to determine the cause of death.

5. If a horse dies after 14 days but within 60 days of it being entered or qualified to race; the APHRC may order the trainer of record at the time of death or the owner of the horse if there was no trainer of record at the time of death of the horse, to transport the horse at the trainer's or owners expense immediately, or as soon as transportation can be arranged but in any event no later than 2 days of the death of the horse, to a facility approved by the APHRC for a post-mortem and such testing as the APHRC may deem is appropriate and; Instruct the person conducting the post-mortem and the testing and any reports prepared with respect to the post-mortem and testing to the APHRC within 5 days of their completion.
6. If a horse being treated by a veterinarian dies within 60 days of being entered or qualified to race, the attending veterinarian shall inform the APHRC in writing within 2 days of the death of the horse that the horse has died, and the location and premises where the horse died and the cause or apparent cause of death.
7. The APHRC may:
  - a) Find that a trainer, owner or veterinarian failed to report a horse death pursuant to the Rules; and
  - b) Find that a trainer, owner or veterinarian failed to conduct a post-mortem.
  - c) Upon notice, impose a monetary penalty, suspension of license or other such penalty as is appropriate in the circumstances on that trainer, owner, veterinarian or impose conditions on the license of that trainer, owner or veterinarian.

Penalty for failure to report death of a horse

1. Minimum of \$1,000- and 90-day suspension

Penalty for failure to conduct a post-mortem

1. Minimum of \$1,000- and 90-day suspension